

# **Recombinant Mouse Interleukin-5 (Mouse IL-5)**

# **Product Information**

Product Name	Cat#	Size
	90145ES08	5 μg
Recombinant Mouse Interleukin-5 (Mouse IL-5)	90145ES60	100 μg
	90145ES76	500 μg

# **Product Description**

Interleukin-5 (IL-5) is a secreted glycoprotein that belongs to the alpha -helical group of cytokines. Unlike other family members, it is present as a covalently linked antiparallel dimer. The cDNA for mouse IL-5 encodes a signal peptide and a 113 amino acid (aa) mature protein. Mature mouse IL-5 shares 70%, 94%, 58%, 66%, 59% and 63%, as sequence identity with human, rat, canine, equine, feline and porcine IL-5, respectively, and shows cross-reactivity with human IL-5 receptor. IL-5 is primarily produced by CD4+ Th2 cells, but also by activated eosinophils, mast cells, EBV-transformed B cells, Reed-Sternberg cells in Hodgkin's disease, and IL-2-stimulated invariant natural killer T cells(iNKT). IL-5 increases production and mobilization of eosinophils and CD34+ progenitors from the bone marrow and causes maturation of eosinophil precursors outside the bone marrow. The receptor for human IL-5, mainly expressed by eosinophils, but also found on basophils and mast cells, consists of a unique ligand-binding subunit (IL-5 R alpha) and a shared signal-transducing subunit, beta c. IL-5 R alpha first binds IL-5 at low affinity, then associates with preformed beta c dimers, forming a high-affinity receptor. IL-5 also binds proteoglycans, potentially enhancing its activity. Soluble forms of IL-5 R alpha antagonize IL-5 and can be found in vivo. In humans, IL-5 primarily affects cells of the eosinophilic lineage, and promotes their differentiation, maturation, activation, migration and survival, while in mice IL-5 also enhances Ig class switching and release from B1 cells. IL-5 also promotes differentiation of basophils and primes them for histamine and leukotriene release.

#### **Product Properties**

Synonyms	BCGFII; EDF; Eo-CSF
Accession	P04401
GeneID	16191
Source	E.coli-derived Mouse IL-5, Met21-Gly133, with an N-terminal Met.
Molecular Weight	Approximately 26.2 kDa.
AA Sequence	MEIPMSTVVK ETLTQLSAHR ALLTSNETMR LPVPTHKNHQ LCIGEIFQGL DILKNQTVRG GTVEMLFQNL SLIKKYIDRQ KEKCGEERRR TRQFLDYLQE FLGVMSTEWA MEG
Tag	None
Tag Physical Appearance	None Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
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Physical Appearance	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Physical Appearance Purity	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder. > 98% by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses. The ED <sub>50</sub> as determined by a cell proliferation assay using human TF-1 cells is less than 2 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity of $> 5.0 \times 10^5$ IU/mg. Fully biologically active when compared to

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Reconstitution

We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at  $\leq$  -20°C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

# **Shipping and Storage**

The products are shipped with ice pack and can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for 1 year.

Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities when first used and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Cautions**

- 1. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 2. For your safety and health, please wear lab coats and disposable gloves for operation.
- 3. For research use only!

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